SMARTER

Balanced Assessment Consortium

An Overview of the SMARTER Balanced Assessment Consortium

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April 12, 2011

The Purpose of the Consortium

- To develop a system of comprehensive and innovative assessments for grades 3-8 and high school in English language arts and mathematics aligned to the Common Core State Standards, so that...
- ...students leave high school prepared for postsecondary success in college or a career through increased student learning and improved teaching.
- The assessments shall be operational across Consortium states in the 2014-15 school year





Who Are We?

30 States in the SMARTER Balanced Consortium

(a/o March 31, 2011)





Apr 8, 2011 4



What Guides Our Work?

Seven SMARTER Balanced Design Principles

- An integrated system
 - Summative/Interim/Formative
- Design with evidence of student performance
 - "Evidence-based design"
- Teacher involvement
 - Prototype design; item/task writing; scoring of complex items/tasks
- State-led with transparent governance
 - Engagement in policy and implementation decisions



Seven SMARTER Balanced Design Principles

- Continuously improve teaching and learning
 - Regular feedback of progress; professional development supports
- Useful information on multiple measures
 - Progression-based scores; extended response items and performance tasks
- Adhere to established professional standards
 - AERA/NCME Standards for Testing
 - ATP Best Practices
 - JCSEE Standards (Utility, Reliability, Propriety, Feasibility)





What Is Our Design?

The Challenge

How do we get from here...

...to here?

Common Core
State Standards
specify K-12
expectations for
college and
career readiness



All students
leave high
school college
and career
ready

...and what can an assessment system do to help?



Assessment System Components

Common Core State Standards specify K-12 expectations for college and career readiness Adaptive summative
assessments
benchmarked to
college & career
readiness

All students leave high school college and career ready

Summative Assessments

Summative assessments using online computer adaptive technologies

- The accountability component
- Adaptive testing...
 - A way to select items for students
 - Highly individualized
 - Accurate measurement across the performance scale
 - Very efficient less testing time needed
- Reports current achievement and growth across time
- Multiple item types
- Two performance tasks per year per content area
- Students may take twice a year; results in two weeks



Assessment System Components

Common Core State Standards specify K-12 expectations for college and career readiness Adaptive summative
assessments
benchmarked to
college & career
readiness

All students leave high school college and career ready

Adaptive interim
assessments that are
flexible and open
providing actionable
feedback

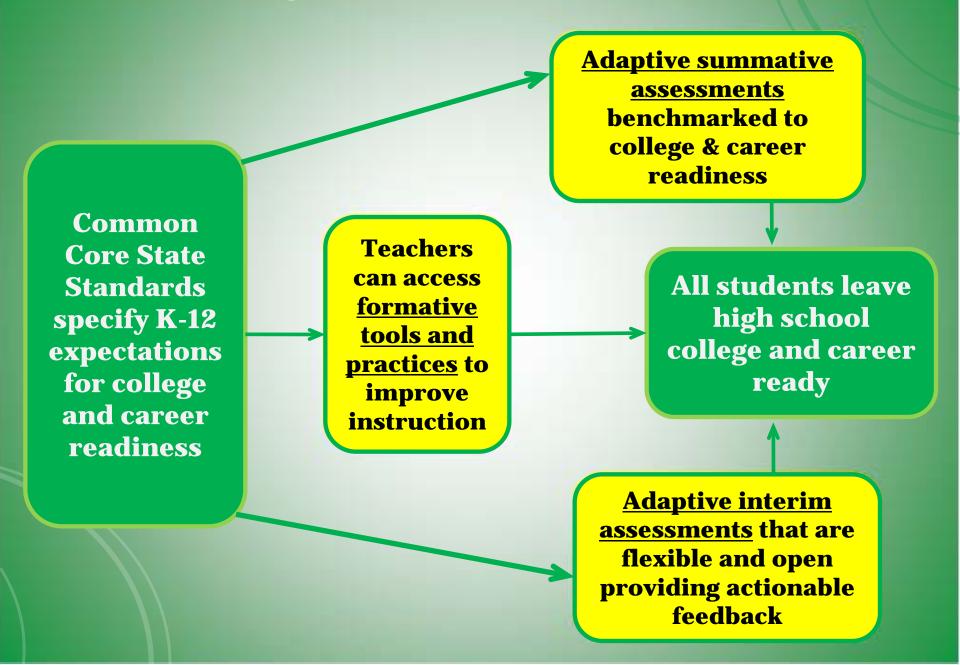
Interim Assessments

Optional interim assessments using online adaptive technology

- Non-secure and fully accessible
- Timing and content are customizable
- On same scale as the summative assessments
- Includes performance tasks
- Clear examples of the expected performance
- Helps identify specific needs
- Teachers included in item and task design and scoring



Assessment System Components



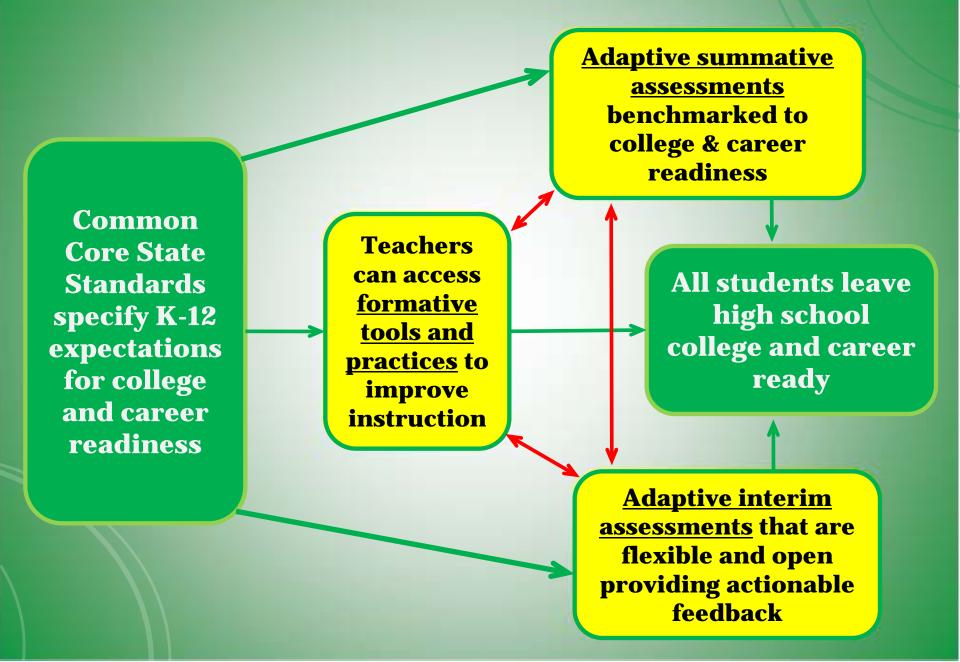
Formative Tools and Practices

Optional Web-based formative resources

- Online resources for...
 - Aligning instruction to CCSS
 - Classroom evidence of student learning
 - Formative assessment guides
- Training in item and task development, creating scoring guides/rubrics
- Best-practice support through online learning modules
- Comprehensive information portal...
 - Access to information about student progress
 - Student performance history



Assessment System Components





Gas Bills, Heating Degree Days, and Energy Efficiency

Here is a typical story about an Ohio family concerned with saving money and energy by better insulating their house.

Kevin and Shana Johnson's mother was surprised by some very high gas heating bills during the winter months of 2007. To improve the energy efficiency of her house, Ms. Johnson found a contractor who installed new insulation and sealed some of her windows. He charged her \$600 for this work and told her he was pretty sure that her gas bills would go down by "at least 10 percent each year." Since she had spent nearly \$1,500 to keep her house warm the previous winter, she expected her investment would conserve enough energy to save at least \$150 each winter (10% of \$1,500) on her gas bills.

Ms. Johnson's gas bill in January 2007 was \$240. When she got the bill for January 2008, she was stunned that the new bill was \$235. If the new insulation was going to save only \$5 each month, it was going to take a very long time to earn back the \$600 she had spent. So she called the insulation contractor to see if he had an explanation for what might have gone wrong. The contractor pointed out that the month of January had been very cold this year and that the rates had gone up from last year. He said her bill was probably at least 10% less than it would have been without the new insulation and window sealing.

Ms. Johnson compared her January bill from 2008 to her January bill from 2007. She found out that she had used 200 units of heat in January of 2007 and was charged \$1.20 per unit (total = \$240). In 2008, she had used 188 units of heat but was charged \$1.25 per unit (total = \$235) because gas prices were higher in 2008. She found out the average temperature in Ohio in January 2007 had been 32.9 degrees, and in January of 2008, the average temperature was more than 4 degrees colder, 28.7 degrees. Ms. Johnson realized she was doing well to have used less energy (188 units versus 200 units), especially in a month when it had been colder than the previous year.

Since she used gas for heating only, Ms. Johnson wanted a better estimate of the savings due to the additional insulation and window sealing. She asked Kevin and Shana to look into whether the "heating degree days" listed on the bill might provide some insight.

Argon Energy Co. Customer

Ms. Arlene Johnson 42 Bluebonnet

Avenue Columbus, OH 43205 Bill Date

January 31, 2008
Account #

Account # 55-73342B Residential

Current Itemized Bill

December 30 reading actual January 31 reading actual

8300 8488

Total units used January 2008

188

January 2008: 1108 heating degree days

0 cooling degree days

Price per unit @ \$1.25

\$235

Energy Use History

Total units used January 2007

200

January 2007:

1000 heating degree days

O cooling degree days

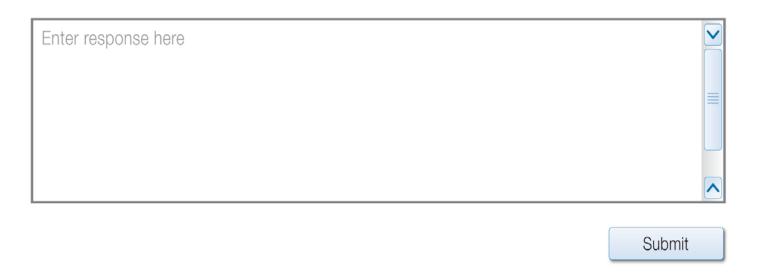
TOTAL CURRENT CHARGES

\$235



Sample Item • Performance Event

- a. Assess the cost-effectiveness of Ms. Johnson's new insulation and window sealing. You will need to research on "heating degree days" on the internet. In your response, you must do the following:
 - Compare Ms. Johnson's gas bills from January 2007 and January 2008.
 - Explain Ms. Johnson's savings after the insulation and sealing.
 - Identify circumstances under which Ms. Johnson's January 2008 gas bill would have been at least 10% less than her January 2007 bill.
 - Decide if the insulation and sealing work on Ms. Johnson's house was cost-effective and provide evidence for this
 decision.





Sample Item • Performance Event

- b. Create a short pamphlet for gas company customers to guide them in making decisions about increasing the energy efficiency of their homes. The pamphlet must do the following:
 - List the quantities that customers need to consider in assessing the cost-effectiveness of energy efficiency measures.
 - Generalize the method of comparison used for Ms. Johnson's gas bills with a set of formulas, and provide an explanation
 of the formulas.
 - Explain to gas customers how to weigh the cost of energy efficiency measures with savings on their gas bills.

When you have completed your pamphlet, upload it using the button below.

Select a file... Submit



Americans Dreaming

We are shaped by the stories we are told and that we tell. One of the most powerful and longstanding stories in the United States of America is one about how, with determination, grit, and maybe a bit of luck, a person can become anything he or she wants to be. This is the legend of the American dream. This idea—and the criticisms of it—is a mainstay of American writing and media. Writers, filmmakers, reporters, and others have long been fascinated by the dream of a land where everything is possible. Evidence of this fascination can be found in the countless stories Americans have produced—whether in private, in print, or in public media. Our lives are wallpapered with the accounts of American dreams—in the making, remembered and romanticized, or broken.

There are two major parts in this performance assessment. In the first part, you will be asked to complete a task in which you synthesize the various perspectives on the American dream you have encountered in high school and elsewhere. Your analyses of these texts and the work you do to select, arrange, and understand the different perspectives each offers are important work in and of themselves, but they also prepare the way for the inclusion of an additional voice—your own. In the second part of the assessment, you will have the chance to offer your own perspective on the American dream by crafting a text of your own about an American dreamer you know.

The parts of this performance assessment are sequenced in a certain order. Be sure to complete them in order because the work you do in the first parts will help you with the later portions of the assessment. The chart on the next page shows what you will be expected to do and submit at the end of this assessment. The specific prompts for each of the tasks are found in the pages that follow.



Task Overview

Task	What You Will Do	What to Submit
Part 1	Select 3–5 texts that you will focus on for your anthology: "Perspectives on the American Dream." Make notes on each text.	one page of notes on each selected text saved electronically
Part 2	Synthesize the various perspectives on the American dream represented in your selection of texts.	1,000 word typed essay saved electronically
Part 3	Conduct research on an individual to create an original profile of an American dreamer. You may choose someone you know personally or someone that you can learn about through research.	750–1,000 word typed essay saved electronically
Part 4	Write a reflective essay on what you learned from completing the performance assessment.	250–500 word typed commentary

Note: Word count limits are guidelines and not strict requirements.



I. Perspectives on the American Dream

At this point in your career as a reader and writer, you already know a lot about what other people say for and against the American dream. In this task you will have an opportunity to take stock of and reflect on that learning—to gather texts you've read previously that grapple with the theme and to notice the arguments different authors make about whether the American dream is a driving force or an illusion.

Your teacher will lead a whole class brainstorm to list several texts you have read in high school English or that you have encountered elsewhere that touch on the idea of the American dream. These texts may be fiction or nonfiction, print or other media such as film. The aim is to gather a group of texts, each of which makes an argument about the American dream (i.e., where people's lives are shaped by their belief in, pursuit of, or disappointment in searching for that dream).

Part 1. Select three to five texts dealing with the American dream for the following task. The selected texts must represent at least two different perspectives and must include at least two different types of text (e.g., print text, visual media, audio media, multi-media, digital media). At least two texts must be print (written) texts (or a form of text with written versions of the text, for example, a transcript, script, or lyrics).

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For EACH of the texts you chose, make notes in response to the following questions:

- What message or perspective about the American dream is conveyed in the text?
- What methods are used to convey this perspective? How effective are these methods in persuading/appealing to the audience?
- What are the conditions in the world (historical/cultural) in which this text was produced? How does this knowledge help you understand the text? (You may need to do some research to obtain this information.)
- How credible (believable) is this perspective on the American dream?

In your notes, please refer to specific examples from the texts to support your observations. These notes will be submitted to your teacher to be scored as part of this performance event.

You should develop one page of notes per task that can be saved electronically.

You may work in small groups to study and discuss a common set of texts, but you must complete the written portions of the task individually.



Possible texts may include (not required):

- The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn Mark Twain
- Sister Carrie Theodore Dreiser
- The House of Mirth Edith Wharton
- The Great Gatsby F. Scott Fitzgerald
- Beloved Toni Morrison
- How the Garcia Girls Lost their Accents Julia Alvarez
- The House on Mango Street Sandra Cisneros
- A Raisin in the Sun play Lorraine Hansberry

- "I Have a Dream" speech Martin Luther King, Jr.
- "A Dream Deferred" poem Langston Hughes
- "In America" film (2003) Jim Sheridan
- "When the Levees Broke" film (2006) Spike Lee
- "American Land" song Bruce Springsteen
- Photography of Walker Evans, Dorothea Lange, James VanDerZee



Part 2. Synthesizing: "Perspectives on the American Dream" Anthology Project



Imagine that you are editing an anthology for 11–12th graders entitled, "Perspectives on the American Dream." Your job is to prepare the introduction to this anthology. In your introduction, please do the following things:

- a) Include the 3-5 texts that you selected in Part 1 of the task and decide how to arrange them in order.
- b) Identify and analyze the varied perspectives on the American dream represented in the texts you selected, including the methods used by each text to convey a perspective.
- c) Compare/contrast and draw connections across the messages about the American dream found in each text (or, perhaps in the case of poems and photographs, the *set* of texts).
- d) Evaluate and draw conclusions about varied perspectives on the American dream represented in your anthology to convey your own perspective on these texts.
- e) Propose a set of questions to focus readers as they consider the perspectives represented in these texts.

As editor of this anthology, you have the opportunity to put forth your own perspective on the American dream as well as to introduce the perspectives on the American dream represented within and across the texts you select. Your introduction should be clear, to the point, and engaging. This work should be typed and saved electronically.

II. Profiling an American Dreamer Task

In the first part of this performance assessment, you synthesized different perspectives on the idea of the American dream.

During that work, you paid careful attention to the arguments others have made about the productivity or legitimacy of this idea and, in doing so, you "sampled" an ongoing conversation about the American dream idea, a discussion that has been going (continued)



on for a long time. This task, Profiling an American Dreamer, is designed to give you a chance to become more than a careful observer of this conversation—it is intended to give you a chance to "deal in," to craft a profile of your own in which you too can weigh in on questions about "the productivity and legitimacy of the American dream." In this task, you will write a profile about a living American dreamer. You may choose someone you know personally or someone that you can learn about through research.

You may work in small groups to conduct your interviews or research on the person you will profile, but you must compose the profile individually. You may also collaborate with other students to revise and refine your writing (e.g., through writer's workshop).

Part 3. Profiling an American Dreamer



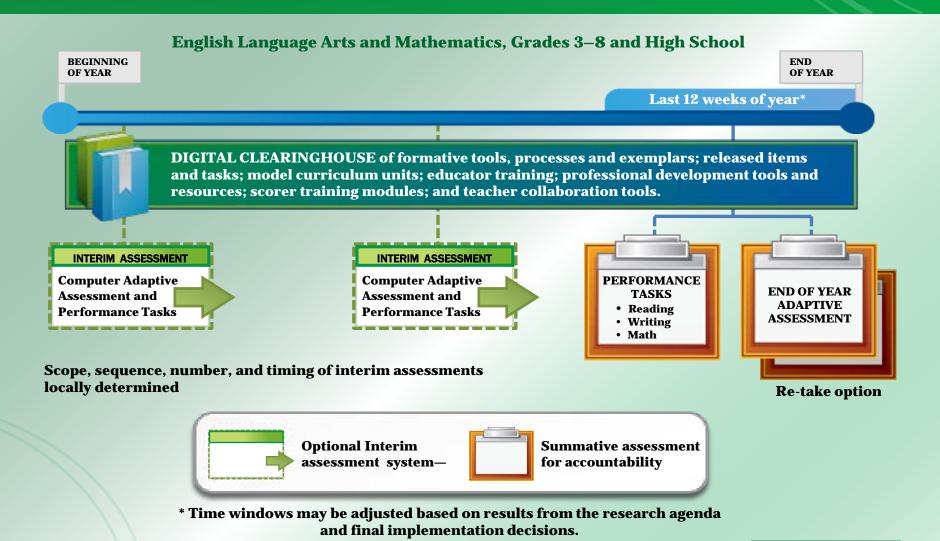
As a result of your work in Part 1, you are more aware of the perspectives people have on the idea of the American dream. In this assessment task, you will have the chance to provide an additional perspective on the idea of the American dream, as you compose a profile of an American dreamer you know.

Writing the Profile: Write a profile about a *living* American dreamer. In your profile, aim to represent or record some aspect of that person and his or her experience that communicates a perspective on the nature or legitimacy of the American dream. You should conduct a range of research activities as you work on this project. The results of this research—photographs, the results of interviews and observations, and/or secondary text work—could all be a part of your final product. If you use published sources, properly cite your sources and include a References page that indicates where to find texts that were retrieved from the Internet.

Essays like Dan Barry's "At an Age for Music and Dreams" (*New York Times*, April 15, 2009, accessed at http://www.nytimes.com/2009/04/15/us/15land.html) can give you ideas for how your project might eventually look. At the end of your work you should aim to have a 750–1,000 word typed profile that will be submitted electronically.

The System

Source: http://www.ets.org



Responsible Flexibility for Implementation

Computerized testing

- Paper/pencil option locally available during a 3-year transition
- Spring 2011: State-by-state survey of technology/infrastructure gaps

End-of-course tests

Test-builder tool available to use interim item pool for EOCs

Common, interoperable open-source software

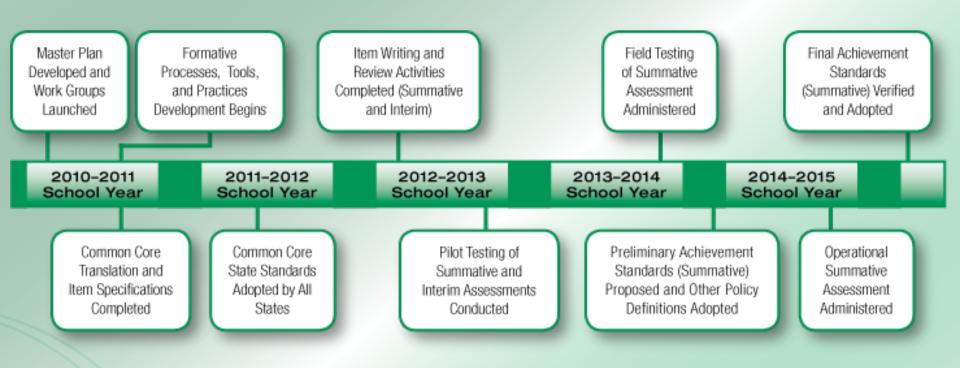
Accommodate State-level assessment options

Adoption of best practices procedures/protocols

- Common protocols for item development: accessibility, language/cultural sensitivity, construct irrelevant variance
- Common accommodation and translation protocols



Timeline





To find out more...

...the **SMARTER Balanced Assessment Consortium** can be found online at

www.k12.wa.us/SMARTER

Thank You

